

(By the King's Authority.)

THE

Companion or Spiritual Guide

ATTAR

Prayers, Ejaculations, Meditations,

The ORDER for the ADMINISTRATION

Ford's Supper:

According to the Ulage of the Church of ENGLAND:
DIRECTIONS and DEVOTIONS

The Lord's Table, and at Home,

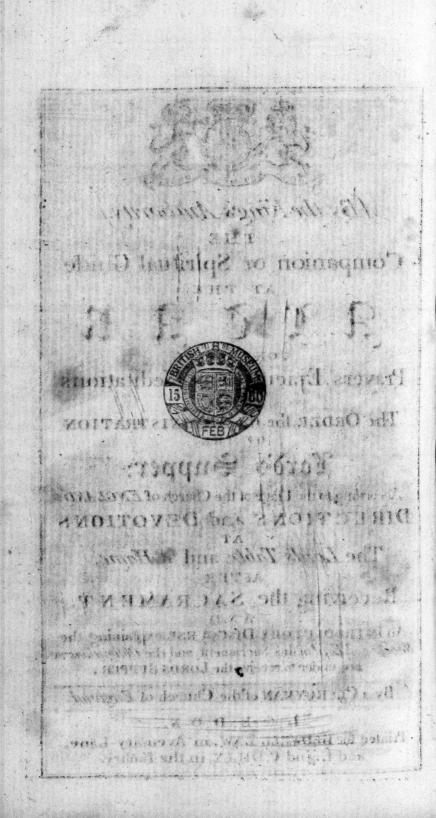
Receiving the SACRAMENT.

An INTRODUCTORY DISCOURSE explaining the Nature and End of this Sacrament: and the Obligations we are under to receive the LORD'S SUPPER.

By a CLERGYMAN of the Church of England.

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THE

INTRODUCTION,

CONTAINING,

The NATURE and END of this SACRAMENT, and the Obligations we are under to receive the LORD'S SUPPER.

THE nature and end of the LORD's SUPPER are collected from many particulars:

I. The words of the institution, This is my Body: This is my Blood—Do this in remembrance of me, says Christ; and the whole discourse of St. Paul, concerning this sacrament, teach us to consider it, as a divine feast, instituted and appointed by the Lord Jesus, in commemoration of himself; in which Christ himself is the food provided for us; and will strengthen and increase in us all goodness, provided we feed on him, or that spiritual nourishment by faith with thanksgiving. Then we shall find a new life and spirit come into us, and we shall wax strong in the Lord, and in the power of his might.

II. We are also to consider this sacrament, as a feast upon a facrifice, wherein we are more particularly to commemorate the death of our Saviour, who gave himself for us an offering and facrifice to God, for a sweet smelling savour. In this holy action we set forth that sacrifice for us, and our thankful remembrance of his love, and our high esteem of those benefits, which he hath purchased for us with his bloody death. Thus we show forth the Lord's death till be shall come, and preserve the memory of his great goodness; and celebrate the memory of those divine

benefits he hath obtained for us.

III. Here also we make a solemn profession of the Christian-faith, and declare ourselves to be the disciples and followers of Christ, to whom we join ourselves in sellowship, as members to their head. We declare, by this action, the entire assent of our minds to the truth of all that he preached, when he was in the sless. For St. Paul says, that the cup of blessing, which we bless, s the communion of the blood of Christ; and the bread which we break, is the communion of the bady of Christ. Therefore, St. Basil writes, "That the reason of eating the body and drinking

"the blood of Chift, is for a commemoration of his obedience unto death, that they who live, should not henceforth live to

" themselves, but to him, that died, and rose again."

So that we must remember, when we are preparing for this holy feast, that we are going to confecrate ourselves anew to the obedience of Christ unto death, to renew our protestations of friendship with him, and to confirm the covenant, that is between us: utterly to disclaim all enmities, and opposition to his will; and to renew our promise, never to forsake or deny him; and to vow, in a most solemn manner, that we must from henceforth live unto him, and not unto ourselves, and serve him in sincerity and truth all the days of our life.

IV. This facrament is to be considered likewise as a feast upon a facrifice for him; wherein we profess our belief, that God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten son to be a propitiation for our sins, thro' faith in his blood. The cup, which is here administred, is the new covenant in Christ's blood, which was shed for the remission of sins, and affures us of forgiveness

thro' his blood.

Thus, after the bread and wine are deputed by holy prayer to God, to be used for a commemoration of Christ's death, though they do not cease to be what they were before; yet, they become something, which they were not before consecration : They become visible signs or pledges of that inward and spiritual grace. which they are appointed by Christ himself, to represent; which grace is no less than the body and blood of Christ, which are werily and indeed taken and received by the faithful in the Lord's Supper. For they have a real feast and portion given them in the death and fufferings of the Lord Jesus: whose body was broken and blood flied for the remission of fins. They truly and indeed partake of the virtue of his bloody facrifice, whereby he hath obtained an eternal redemption for mankind. And it is the nature and office of these sacramental pledges to assure us of the good will of God, and of his truth in fulfilling his gracious promifes. He engages to be faithful to us in giving them; as we engage ourselves to be faithful to him in receiving them, God bids us believe that we shall be accepted in his beloved; and he does after put us in posseision of all that, which the gospel promifes, and the facrifice of Christ upon the cross obtained for us; no less than mercy, grace, and peace; remission of fins; the power of the Holy Ghost, and eternal life. V. This

V. This facrament is also a bond of union amongst christians. They, who believe in one common Saviour, and partake of the same facrifice, will never forget the duty of that lesson, Beloved, if God so loved us, as to give his only begotten Son to die for our sins, we ought also to love one another. The facrifice here offered is declarative of christian unanimity, knit together in a firm and inseparable charity. For, when our Lord took the bread which is kneaded together, and made up by the union of many corns, and called it his body, he thereby denoted all christian people: In the same manner, when he took the wine, which is pressed from many grapes, and gathered together in one cup, and called it his blood: he also denoted his slock, or the congregation of the faithful, joined by the mingling together of an united multitude.

Therefore, when we partake of the table of the Lord, let us consider, that as we are thereby made one with Christ, so we are joined in close union one with another: and let us remember, when we are preparing to receive this heavenly banquet, that, as we are going to commemorate the dearest love of our Lord. and to profess our love to him: so we, at the same time, engage to love all the members of that body, of which Christ is the head: that we there enter into covenant one with another, as well as with Chriff, by eating of the same bread, and drinking of the fame cup, never to be unreconciled unto each other, and never to hate, revile, injure, backbite one another, or fall out any more; but to live for the time to come, in the peace of God, and in unity and godly love. As this is the effect of receiving the facrament of Christ's body and blood; if it heals the breaches made amongst the faithful, and promotes christian love and charity; if it nourishes a loving kind disposition of mind, and keeps the foul free from all base selfishness and covetous defires; the oftner any one goes to the Lord's table, with a true penitent heart and lively faith, the better christian he will grow.

For this reason our blessed Saviour instituted this sacrament, not for the rich and mighty, but for the poor and weak also. He invites all states and conditions, and promises to receive them without distinction, provided they do love one another, with a sincere heart, and unseigned affection. Herethe great are taught and engaged not to scorn shem of low degree; and the poor are engaged not to envy the great. The rich are called upon to be merciful and liberal: the poor and needy to be thankful and contented. The learned and wife not to despise the ignorant

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and weak: and the weak not to judge the strong: but all to live together, as loving brethren, and members of the same body. That so, they may have the same care one for another. And whether one member suffer, all the members may suffer with it; or one member rejoiceth, all the rest may rejoice with it. That as there is one Lord and one Spirit, and one Baptism, and one Hope of our calling; so the multitude of believers may be of one heart, and of one soul. That we may all speak the same thing, and that there be no divisions among st us; but that we be perfectly joined together in the same mind, and in the same judgment: and that we may with one heart and one mouth glorify God even the

father of our Lord Jefus Christ.

To fum up all that has been faid, concerning the nature, end and use of this boly sacrament, we must acknowledge and believe it to be an holy feaft, in commemoration of our Lord Jefus Christ, especially of his death; in which we, on our part, make a folemn profession of his religion, as delivered to us, and contained in the holy gospels, and tie ourselves in the strictest covenant to follow him unto death, and to live in love and charity with all our christian brethren. On the other part, Christ makes a representation of his dying love to us, and confirms the continuance of it, giving us pledges that he will make us heirs of all the bleffings, which were the purchase of his body broken. and his blood flied for us. So that, when the minister gives the bread and the cup to us, we should receive them as tokens and affurances, given by Christ, of his continued and everlasting love and affection: and when we take, eat, and drink that, which he gives us, we should receive it with resolutions to continue his faithful disciples, in bopes of that eternal life, which God hath promised to them, that believe in Jesus Christ, whom he hath feat into the world to fave finners.

Having considered the premises, it will be no difficult matter to shew, that it is the duty of all christians to communicate at the Lord's table. It was not instituted and ordained for the benefit of one church or nation, or for any peculiar state and condition of men; but for all that call upon the name of the Lord, through Jesus Christ our Saviour, who, in his invitation to this seast, makes no exception, but extends his promise of its benefit s unto all: Come, says the blessed Jesus, unto me, all yethat travel and are heavy laden, and I will refresh you. And, the Author of our Salvation, knowing how difficult it is for man to be drawn to any thing by mere invitation, and that the devil, who tempted

tempted our first Parents to eat the forbidden fruit with so great success, was always diligent to prevent their posterity from receiving the means of grace and salvation, and, by assuming the form of an angel of light, to dissuade well-disposed christians, by scruples and groundless fears, to reject so kind and loving an invitation, he has backed it with a special command;—Take, eat; this is my blood, subich is broken for you—Drink ye all of this, for this is my blood shed for you—Do this in remembrance of me. For, except ye eat the flesh of the Son of man, and drink his blood, ye have no life in you. But, whose eateth my flesh and drinketh my blood, bath eternal life, and I will raise him up at the last day.

It is, therefore, beyond conception, why so many excuse themselves, or rather seek for excuses to keep them from the communion of the body and blood of Christ. There is nothing which
Christ enjoins with more solemnity and positiveness than this
sacred action. Consequently, if we consess our selves obliged to
perform his other commands, there can be nothing invented by
men sufficient to excuse us from obedience to this command—
Do phas—A command, whereby our love and affection to
Christ Jesus, our ever blessed Redeemer is tried and proved in a
most particular manner. For, as the only reason why we should
do this, is because he would have us: so the doing of it is a
piece of pure obedience, arising wholly out of our respect and
affection to him and his injunctions, who laid down his life
for us; instituted and ordained to keep up the memory of our
Saviour, and to perpetuate his love to the end of the world.

Thus, the oftner we receive the body and blood of Christ, we shew forth the Lord's death till his coming again, and approve our title to the covenant in Christ Jesus; because it is a peculiar mark of a christian, a mark proper to him alone; who is moved to this not by nature, and the common light of mankind, but purely by his religion and devotion to his Saviour. For there is no part of divine worship, in which he is interested so much as in this. It is more properly a christian worship, than any other part of his duty. All the world confess that they are in duty bound to pray to God, to praise him, and to give him thanks; but to know him and acknowledge him through Jesus Christ, and to give him thanks by doing this, belongs only to believers

in the Son of God.

The primitive christians were so well convinced of this truth, and of the necessity of frequenting the Lord'stable, that they never met to perform the duty of prayer, but they communicated

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by doing this in remembrance of the death and passion of our Saviour Christ; and as long as we have any need to grow in the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, to increase in strength and power, to resist and conquer all temptations, and to perform our several duties; to renew the sense of our obligations to God, and to bind ourselves faster to him: to heighten our love and gratitude, and to stir up light and joy in God our Saviour; so long it will be necessary to do this, without which, we can't

obtain those great ends and purposes.

For, by these outward signs, instituted and ordained by Christ himself, we express our hearty consent to the new covenant, made by Christ, in his blood; and engage ourselves to stand on the terms and conditions of it. So that it is the same, as if we refused to be of Christ's religion: should we refuse or wisfully neglect to come to this holy communion. He that made the new covenant with us, made these outward rights and solemnities, to be instruments of slipulation, whereby they, who are willing to enter into that covenant, and to be of that religion, should express their agreement and submission to it; and openly declare that they acknowledge Jesus to be the Lord, and that they will perform due obedience to every one of his commands.

The command also includes a frequent repetition of the act of doing this: as often, says Jesus, as ye do it. When we have once done it, we are to signify our continuance and stedsastness in that religion, to which, by these means we have joined ourselves, by the repeated use of the same means. He that hath put his hand to the plough, will never reap the fruits of his labour, should he draw back: neither can we hope to enjoy the benefits of this sacrament, if we absent from the Lord's table, upon any pretence whatsoever. They live, as if they repented of the contract, which they had made, and renounced our blessed Saviour, who imagine it sufficient to partake of this sacrament once or twice in a life-time: for Christ made the doing this a special evidence and ratification of our devotion to him and his service.

To which if we add all the other purposes and ends for which this sacrament was ordained, they would still make it appear more obligatory and necessary, that we should frequent the holy communion of the body and blood of our dear Redeemer; if either the will of Christ, his special command, the practice of all true believers, our own wants, our respect to the christian religion, or the great benefits we are intitled to by

doing

doing this in remembrance of the author and finisher of our faith,

can make us consider and judge any thing so.

But if we ask, who are the persons whom our Lord invites and calls to this holy communion? It is answered, they are ALL who are baptized into the name of the Lord Jesus, and seriously, believe his religion: they that take upon themselves to make good that promise, vow and covenant, made in their name, when they were baptized. They are the persons, who are invited, and acceptable at the holy table: and of whom Christ will take it ill, should they, on any pretence, absent themselves. Therefore, don't entangle yourselves in endless doubts and scruples about the qualifications required in those, who come to the Lord's Supper; but be satisfied with an examination of your own heart

by this plain and certain rule.

Do you believe the gospel of Jesus Christ to be the truth of God? Do you consent to be governed by his laws? Do you remember, and will you stand to the vow, that was made in your name, when you were baptized? Are you desirous to renew that covenant in the manner described? Do you value his favour and grace declared in his precious promifes above all earthly things? Would you partake of his holy communion, that you may commemorate your Saviour's dying love; that you may own and acknowledge him to be your Saviour, and that you may devote and unite your hearts unto him in thricter friendship; that you may bind yourself in the bond of peace to all your brethren, and that you may receive more of his grace and greater affurance of his love, as the most invaluable bleffing? Then lay afide all your fears, and humbly approach unto him, to render him the facrifice of praise and thanksgiving, and to receive fresh tokens of his unchangeable love, good-will, and affections.

In a word, if you do truly and earnestly repent you of your fins, and are in love and charity with your neighbours, and inclined to lead a new life, following the commandments of God, and walking from hencesorth in his holy ways; draw near to the holy table with faith, and you will receive this holy Sacrament to your comfort,

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COMPANION;

O R,

SPIRITUAL GUIDE at the ALTAR.

CONTAINING,

The Order for the Administration of the Lord's Supper.

WITH

OBSERVATIONS and DIRECTIONS for a worthy receiving of the HOLY COMMUNION.

A PRAYER for a worthy Participation of the CHRISTIAN SACRIFICE, to be faid as foon as fermon is ended, kneeling upon your knees, if health will permit.

In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen.

Lmighty Lord and King of glory, who of thy great mercy didst fend thy only begotten Son, that, as by man fin had entered into the world, and death by fin, fo he who had been in the bosom of the Father from the beginning, might be born of a woman, and being made under the law, might condemn fin in the flesh; and that they, who in Adam died, might in Christ be made alive. Even in that Christ, who conversed in this world, gave us the gospel of salvation, brought us out of darkness unto the knowledge of the true God; who purchased to himself a peculiar people, a royal priesthood, an holy nation; who has instituted memorials of his faving passion, those divine and heavenly mysteries, the unbloody facrifice of his most precious body and blood, for our fins; and hath, by his apostle, St. Paul, commanded, that as oft as we eat the

the bread, and drink the cup in the LORD'S SUPPER, we must shew forth his death till his second coming to judge the world; who himself declares, That except we feed on the sless of the Son of man, and drink his blood, we can have no spiritual life in us; that who so feeds on his sless, and drinks his blood, bath eternal life; and he will raise him up at the last day; that his sless is meat indeed, and his blood is drink indeed; that it is the Spirit who quickeneth, the (natural) sless profiting nothing; and that the words which he spake, concerning this divine and heavenly mystery, are spirit and life.

I, thy unworthy servant, do most humbly beseech thee, thou holy of holies! that thou wouldst evermore give me this bread; this hidden manna, that giveth life unto the world; and that thou wouldst freely admit me to drink of the cup of salvation, the sountain, which thou hast opened for sin, and for uncleanness; even the precious blood of Christ, who through the eternal Spirit offered himself without spot to thee my God, to purge my conscience from dead works.

to ferve thee all the days of my life.

Enable me, therefore, to try and examine myself, that with a true penitent heart, and a lively faith, I may receive the holy sacrament; that I may spiritually eat the slesh of Christ, and drink his blood; that I may dwell in Christ, and Christ in me; and that I may be one with Christ, and Christ with me; so that I may not be found unworthy to come to this holy table; that I may not be found guilty of the body and blood of Christ my Saviour; nor eat and drink a judgment to myself, not considering the Lord's body; but receive it to my great and endless comfort, according to the institution and intention of the same, thy

fon Jesus Christ, my Lord and Saviour, in whose name and words, and through whosemerits, I offer up these my imperfect prayers, saying, as he has taught me,

Our Father, &c.

DIRECTIONS.

It is very common for young communicants, especially such as are most serious and thoughtful, to be disturbed, and troubled, and in such disorder and confusion, that may prevent a ready finding out of these prayers, and in some fort distract his devotions; but let him endeavour to amend what he shall observeto be amiss, as soon as he has an opportunity of another communion: and though, after his best endeavours, he should always find room to lament his defects and difficulties in the performance of this, as well as other duties of religion; yet let him not fear that any involuntary failings or infirmities will ever rise up in judgment against bim. Let us do our duty, as well as we can, and though it may not be done so exactly, as we could wish, we have GoD's word for it, that he requires no more of us: in which we ought to trust, and rest secure, laying afide all fears and despondencies.

Rubrick.

Then shall the priest return to the LORD's TABLE and begin the Offertory, saying one or more of these sentences following, as he thinketh most convenient in his discretion.

Let your light fo shine before men, that they may fee your good works, and glorify your Father which is in heaven. St. Mat. v. 16

Lay not up for your felves treasures upon earth, where mothandruft doth corrupt, and where thieves break through and steal: but lay up for yourselves treasures with his grace, that I may

DIRECTIONS.

When the priest reads these fentences, and the person appointed to collect the alms, goes round the congregation, attend seriously to each sentence, and by some such meditation, as here followeth, devoutly apply the same to your ownself.

Let your light so shine, &c May God so enlighten me live

in heaven, where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt, and where thieves do not break through nor steal. St. Mat. vi. 19, 20.

Whatfoever ye would that men should do unto you, even so do unto them: for this is the law and the prophets. St. Mat. vii. 12.

Not every one that faith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven; but he that doeth the will of my father which is in heaven. St. Mat. vii. 21.

Zaccheus stood forth; and said unto the Lord, Behold, Lord, the half of my goods I give to the poor: and if I have done any wrong to any man, I restore him four-fold, St. Luke, xix. 18.

Who goeth a warfare at any time at his own cost? who planteth a vineyard, and eateth not of the fruit thereof? or who feedeth a flock, and eateth not of the milk of the flock? I Coriix. 7.

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live as becomes a christian, and by my example draw many from error unto the way of truth.

Lay not up for your selves, &c. Where the treasure is, there will the heart be also. Every earthly treasure fadeth away. The treasure we are to seek is incorruptible and eternal. That treasure is in heaven. Let it be my care to purchase it with faith, obedience, and prayer.

Whatsoever ye would, &c. O God, whose mercy is over all thy works, inspire me with a true sense of justice towards all thy creatures.

Not every one that faith, &c.

I am convinced that faith without works is dead; and that it is necessary for man to shew his faith by his works.

Zaccheus flood forth and laid, &c.

I will endeavour to imitate Zaccheusin my charity towards the poor, and in making reflitution to those whom I have injured.

or ged by the length of time employed in collecting the offerings

If we have fown unto for alms of the congregation, to you spiritual things, it is a great matter if we shall reap your worldly things.

I Cor. ix. II.

Do ye not know that they who minister about holy things live of the facrifice? and they who wait at the aler are partakers with the eliar? Even so hath the Lord also ordained, that they who preach the gofpel should live of the gospel. I Cor. ix. 13, 14.

He that foweth little, shall reap little; and he that foweth plenteously, shall reap plenteously. Let every man do according as he is disposed in his heart, not grudgingly, or of necessity: for God loveth a chearful giver. 2 Cor.

ix. 6, 7-

read more sentences, it will be easy for you. after this manner, to draw from each of them some pious ejaculation, or application. When the bason, or plate, is handed for thine alms and oblation, don't let it pass without putting something into it .- Remember the widow's mite. Give according to thine ability; and give it chearfully; not out of oftentation, or in bopes of meriting God's favour thereby; but with all humility and obedience to the command of him, who made us, preserves us, fills us with all good things, and has beaven in store for those, that love him and keep his commandments. Besides, how can any one join in that part of the prayer for the church militant, wherein we beseech God to accept our alms and oblations, if we have not contributed to the bason or plate?

Let him that is taught in the word, minister unto him that teacheth in all good things. Be not deceived. God is not mocked: for whatfoever a man foweth, that shall he reap. Gal. vi. 6, 7.

While we have time let us do good unto all men, and especially unto them that are of the houshold of

faith. Gal. vi. 10.

Godliness

Godliness is great riches, if a man be content with that he hath: for we brought nothing into the world, neither may we carry any thing out. 1 Tim. vi. 6, 7.

Charge them who are rich in this world, that they be ready to give, and glad to distribute: laying up in store for themselves a good foundation against the time to come, that they may attain eternal life. I Tim.

vi. 17, 18, 19.

God is not unrighteous, that he will forget your works and labour that proceedeth of love; which love ye have shewed for his name's fake, who have ministered unto the faints, and yet do minister. Heb. vi. 10.

To do good, and to diffribute, forget not: for with such facrifices God is well pleased. Heb. xiii. 16.

Whoso hath this world's good, and feeth his brother have need, and shutteth up his compassion from him, how dwelleth the love of God in him? 1 John iii. 17.

Give alms of thy goods, and never turn thy face from any poor man, and then the face of the Lord shall not be turned away from thee. Tob. iv. 7.

Be merciful after thy power. If thou hast much, give plenteously. If thou hast little, do thy diligence gladly to give of that little : for fo gatherest thou thyfelf a good reward in the day of necessity. Tob. iv. 8, 9.

He that hath pity upon the poor, lendeth unto the Lord; and look what he layeth out, it shall be paid

him again. Prov. xix. 17.

Bleffed be the man that provideth for the fick and needy: the Lord shall deliver him in the time of trouble. Pfalm xli. I.

A PRAYER

A PRAYER when you offer your ALMS.

A Ccept, O Lord! my free-will offering, as an acknowledgment that all I have is received from thee; and as a testimony of that love and charity to my necessitous brethren, which thou requirest, and art pleased to take as done to thyself: and grant that my alms-deeds may be performed with purity of mind, and with fuch proportion to what thou half given me, that they may be acceptable in thy fight, through the merits of Jesus my Saviour. Amen.

The sentences being ended, attend to, and repeat with a low voice, (so as not to disturb the devotions of any one) the prayer for the church militant.

Rubrick.

And the priest shall then place upon the table so much bread and wine as he shall think sufficient. After which done, the priest shall say:

The Minister.

Let us pray for the whole militant here on earth.

Lmighty and ever-I living God, most mercifully to accept whichl

DIRECTIONS.

The alms and oblations of the people being now presented state of Christ's church unto God, and placed before him upon the holy table, the church bas thought this a proper time to proceed to Inwho TERCESSION, which is anby thy holy Apostle hast other branch of charity, extaught us to make prayers tending to all mankind, by reand supplications, and to commending them all in their give thanks for all men , Several flations and capacities we humbly beseech thee to Almighty God, because ave cannot at any time, hope to our alms and oblations, and whole church of God, as intercede so effectually for the to receive these our prayers when we are about to represent

ing thee to inspire contiwith the spirit of truth, unity and concord : and grant

which we offer unto thy and show forth to the divine divine majesty; beseech- majesty that meritorious sacrifice, by virtue whereof our nually the universal church great High Priest did once redeem us, and forever continues to intercede for us in beaven.

that all they that do confess thy holy name, may agree in the truth of thy holy word, and live in unity and godly love. We befeech thee also to save and defend all christian kings, princes, and governors; and especially thy servant GEORGE, our king, that under him we may be godly and quietly governed: and grant unto his whole council, and to all that are put in authority under him, that they may truly and indifferently minister justice, to the punishment of wickedness and vice, and to the maintenance of thy true religion and virtue. Give grace, O heavenly Father, to all bishops and curates, that they may both by their life and doctrine fet forth thy true and lively word, and rightly and duly administer thy holy facraments. And to all thy people give thy heavenly grace; and especially to this congregation here prefent, that with meek heart and due reverence, they may hear and receive thy holy word, truly ferving thee in holiness and righteousness all the days of their life. And we most humbly beseech thee of thy goodness, O Lord, to comfort and succour all them who in this transitory life are in trouble, forrow, need, fickness, or any other adversity. And we also bless thy holy name, for all thy fervants departed this life in thy faith and fear; befeeching thee to give us grace fo to follow their good examples, that with them we may be partakers of thy heavenly kingdom, Grant this,

A Companion or Spiritual 16

this, O Father, for Jesus Christ's sake, our only mediator and advocate. Amen. Rubrick.

The Communicants being conveniently placed for receiving the boly facrament, the priest Ball fay this Exhortation. The Minister.

Early beloved in the Lord, ye that mind to come to the holy communion of the body and blood of our Saviour Christ, must confider how St. Paul'exhorteth all persons diligently to try and examine themselves, before they prefume to eat of that bread, and drink of that cup. For as the benefit is great, if with a true penitent heart and lively faith, we receive that holy facrament (for then we spiritually eat the flesh of Christ, and drink his blood; then we dwell in Christ, and Christ in us; we are one with Christ, and Christ with us) fo is the danger great if we receive the fame unworthily: for then we are guilty of the body and blood of Christ our Saviour; we eat and drink

DIRECTIONS ..

Now confider whether thou bast sufficiently followed the advice of the Apostle, diligently to try and examine thyself. Consider also the great benefit thou wilt obtain by receiving this boly sacrament with a true penitent heart and lively faith: and with horror reflect on the danger of unworthily presuming to enter into his presence, and approaching this holy feast, without the avedding-garment. For then thou art as much guilty of the body and blood of CHRIST, as the very lews, who crucified bim in person; theu repeatest their cruelty; thou makest his wounds to bleed a-fresh; and that cup, which worthily received should be the means of reconciling thee to thy injured God, and of the Salvation of thy foul, will prove thy damnation.

Thy rash and inconsiderate presumption will kindle GoD's wrath against thee, will provoke him to plague thee with our own damnation, not toathsome and painful diseases, confidering the Lord's bo- to afflict thee with innumerable troubles

dy; we kindle God's wrath against us; we provoke him to plague us with divers diseases, and fundry kinds of death: Judge therefore yourselves, brethren, that ye be not judged of the Lord: repent you truly for your fins paft; have a lively and stedfast faith in Christ our Saviour; amend your lives and be in perfect charity with all men, fo shall ye be meet partakers of those holy mysteries. And above all things, ye must give most humble and hearty. thanks to God the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghoft, for the redemption of the world by the death and paffion of our Saviour Chrift, both God and man, who did humble himfelf even to the death upon NEIGHBOUR as thyfelf. the cross, for us miserable finners, who lay in darkdeath, that he might make us the children of God, this Exhortation. and exalt us to everlasting life. And to the end that we should always remember

troubles and catamities; make thy aubole life a continued series of Sorrows, and at last Inatch thee out of this world, by some shameful death; when thou shalt be as unfit to appear before him, as by thine unworthiness thou art to approach this bleffed sacrament.

Return, therefore, in time, and lay bold on mercy. Humble thyself before the throne of divine grace. Judge and condemn thyself, that thou mayest not be judged of the Lord. Bewail thine unworthiness; and pray to GOD to accept thee. Reconcile thyself by a true ana fincere repentance. Have a lively and fledfast faith in CHRIST, and in all that he bath revealed and ordained. Have a firm hope that Goo will grant what soever thou shalt ask in his Son's name, and entertain a perfect charity, which will instruct thee to love God above all things, and thy

This will be the true method of amending thy life, and to nels and the shadow of prepare thee effectually to be a worthy communicant, which is so earnestly recommended by

the exceeding great love of our Master, and only Saviour Jesus Christ thus dying for us, and the innumerable benefits, which by his precious blood shedding he hath obtained to us; he hath instituted and ordained holy mysteries, as pledges of his love, and for a continual remembrance of his death, to our great and endless comfort. To him, therefore, with the Father, and the Holy Ghost, let us give (as we are most bounden) continual thanks, submitting ourselves wholly to his holy will and pleasure, and studying to serve him in true holiness and righteousness all the days of our life. Amen.

Rubrick.

I Then shall the priest fay to them that come to receive the boly Communion.

YE that do truly and earnestly repent you of your sins, and are in love and charity with your neighbours, and intend to lead a new life, sollowing the commandments of God, and walking from hencesorth in his holy ways: draw near with faith, and take this holy sacrament to your comfort; and make your humble confession to almighty God, meekly kneeling upon you knees.

DIRECTIONS.

This Invitation to draw near, puts us in mind that we are now invited into Christ's special presence, to sit down with him at his own table. It invites our bodies to come from the more remote parts of the church, as near to the Lord's table, as we can; and it hids us draw near with faith, without which all bodily approaches can avail us nothing; it being only by faith, that we can really draw near to Christ, and take this holy sacrament to our comfort.

Therefore, when thou bearest the priest, thus call upon you, ask thy joul, Whether thou dost truly and sincerely repent of

all thy fins? Whether thou art in perfect love and charity with all Men? Whether thou doft forgive those that have offended thee, as thou defireft God to forgive thee? and whether thou dost intend to lead a new life; to keep God's commands with an exact obedience, and to walk henceforward in his holy ways? And then pour out thy heart with godly forrow, and make thy humble confession to almighty

Rubrick.

Then shall this general Confession be made in the name of all those that are minded to receive the Holy Communion, by one of the Ministers, both he and all the people kneeling humbly upon their knees, and saying,

The Winitter.

Lmighty God, Father ledge and bewail our manifold fins and wickedness, which we from time to time most grievously have committed, by thought, wrath against us. Wedoearnestly repent, and are heartily ever be more hearty and fincere.

DIRECTIONS.

Since CHRIST's fufferings ofourLord Jesus Chrift are bere commemorated, it is maker of all things, judge most reasonable for us to conof all men; we acknow- fest and bewait our fine, that were the cause of them. Ana since we hope to have our pardon fealed, we ought first with shame and forrow to acknowledge our transgressions, for his honour, who so freely forgives word, and deed, against them; which the congregation thy divine majesty, pro- here does in words so expressive voking most justly thy and patherical, that if their ree and indignation pentance be answerable to thform, it is impossible it should

forry for these our misdoings; the remembrance of them is grievous unto us; the burden of them is intolerable; have mercy upon us, have mercy upon us most merciful Father; for thy Son our Lord Jesus Christ's sake, forgive us all that is past, and grant tallia

that we may ever hereafter serve and please thee in newness of life, to the honour and glory of thy name, through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Rubrick.

I Then shall the priest (or the bishop being present) sana up, and, turning bimself to the people, pronounce this ABSO-LUTION:

The Minifter.

Lmighty God, our heavenly Father, who ofhis great mercy hath promifed forgiveness of fins to all them that with hearty repentance, and true faith, turn unto him; have mercy upon you, pardon and deliver you from all your fins, confirm and strengthen you in all goodness, and prove of, what has been said. bring you to everlasting life, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

While the priest pronounceth this form of ABSOLUTION, observe a friet silence, and, with all humility, and your body inclined, attend to the words; and when the priest has concluded, say a bearty AMEN; which, in this, and all fuch places, does not fignify so be it, simply, but so be it, we entirely affent to, and ap-

The priest is required to pronounce the absolution standing, because it is an act of his authority in declaring the will of

Gon, whose Ambassador he is. But the people receive it upon their knees, in token of that bumility and reverence, with which they ought to receive the joyful news of a pardon from GoD.

Don't look upon this absolution as a presumptive act of the priest, or that it receives more or less efficacy from the intention of the priest, that pronounceth it : neither fet fo light by it, as to imagine it to be merely declarative, or a matter of form, that conveys no benefit to the people, upon whom it is pronounced: But confider it facramentally, conveying pardon to fuch only, as come duly, or worthily prepared, to receive that absolution from their fins, which being freely forgiven by God, are, by his authority, ratified upon earth by his minifler

nister. Thus the unworthy petitioner partakes not of that blessing, which is promised to such as come prepared for absolution, no more than the unworthy communicant is intitled

to the benefits of the boil communion.

Proportionable to the fincerity of one's repentance is the forgiveness of his sins. If we with a true faith and hearty repentance turn to God, he will have mercy upon us: he will pardon and deliver us from all our sins: he will confirm and strengthen us in all goodness, and bring us to everlasting life.

These are the conditions of our salvation, and of our abtolution. So that, if we be just and sincere to ourselves, God will ratify the priest's absolution of our sins, and perform all

the promises be bas made to us in this facrament.

The SENTENCES of SCRIPTURE to be faid by the minister immediately after the absolution, are subjoined by our church to strengthen our faith, and to remove all scruple and unreasonable fears, should there arise any doubt about the validity of the foregoing Absolution; for, these sentences are the very promises on which it is grounded, and so overflowing with sweet and powerful comforts, that, if duly considered, they will satisfy the most fearful souls, heal the most broken hearts, and utterly banish the blackest clouds of sorrow and despair.

The Minister.

I Then Shall the Priest Say;

Hear what comfortable words our Saviour Christ faith unto all that truly turn to him:

Come unto me all ye that travel and are heavy laden, and I will refresh you. Matth. xi. 28.

So God loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, to the end that all that believe in him should not perish, but have everlasting life. St. John iii. 16.

Here also what St. Paul faith:

This is a true faying, and worthy of all men to be received,

22 A Companion or Spiritual

received, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save finners. I Tim. i. 15.

Hear also what St. John saith :

If any man fin, we have an advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the righteous, and he is the propitiation for our fins. 1 St. John ii. 1, 2.

DIRECTIONS.

Having exercised our charity, repentance, and faith, we now proceed to THANKSGIVING, which is so considerable a part of our present duty, that it hath given name to the whole, and caused it to be called the eucharist or sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving. A form as ancient almost as christianity itself; and leads us, as it were, into the other world, or to join with the glorified saints and angels, in praising and adoring that God, who hath done such great things for us.

In order to this, the priest calls upon us to lift up our hearts, by a most quick and lively faith in the most high God, the supreme governor of the whole world. And being ready to answer his call, we immediately reply. We lift them up unto the Lord, by casting off all thoughts of the world, and turn-

ing our minds unto God alone.

Rubrick.

After which the priest shall proceed, Saying

Lift up your hearts.

Answ. We lift them up unto the Lord.

Priest. Let us give thanks unto our Lord God.

Answ. It is meet and right so to do.

Then shall the priest turn to the Lord's Table and jay,

It is very meet, right, and our bounden duty, that we should at all times, and in all places

These words [holy give thanks unto thee, O Lord, + holy on Trinity Sunday. Father, almighty, everlasting God.

DIRECTIONS.

Here observe that our hearts being elevated together, and brought

brought into a right frame to celebrate the praises of God, the priest invites us all to join with him in that holy exercise, saying, Let us give thanks unto our Lord God; to which the people having given their consent and approbation, by saying it is meet and right so to do, he turns himself to the Lord's Table, and acknowledgeth to the divine Majesty, there especially present, that, It is very meet, right, and our bounden duty, that we should at all times, and in all places, give thanks, &c.

Rubrick.

M Here Ball follow the proper preface, according to the time, if there be any especially appointed,

DIRECTIONS.

The minister now looking upon himself, and the rest of the congregation, as communicants with the church triumphant; and all the people, apprehending themselves, by faith, as in the midst of that blessed society, do now join with the heavenly chorus in singing forth the praises of the most high God, the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, saying, with an exalted voice the following hymn, which being of divine original (see Isaiah vi. 3.) and repeating the word Holy thrice together was called TRISAGIUM, or THRICE HOLY, by the Greeks

The Pinister and People.

Herefore with Angels and Archangels, and with all the company of heaven, we laud and magnify thy glorious name, evermore praising thee, and saying, Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of hosts, heaven and earth are sull of thy glory. Glory be to thee, O Lord most high. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

On the greater festivals, there are proper presaces appointed as referred to in the foregoing Rubric, which are also to be repeated for seven days after the festiwals themselves; excepting that for Whitsunday, which is to be repeated only six days

days after, because Trinity Sunday, which is the feventh. bath a preface peculiar to itself; to the end that the mercies they commemorate, may be the better rivetted in our minds, by frequent repetition; and also that all the people (who in some places could not communicate all in one day) may have other opportunities within those eight days, to join in praising God, for fuch great bleffings. Besides there are none of those mercies. but require our thanksgivings for more days than one.

¶ Proper Prefaces.

¶ Upon Christmas-day, and seven days after.

B Ecause thou didst give Jesus Christ thine only Son to be born as at this time for us, who by the operation of the Holy Ghost, was made very man of the Substance of the Virgin Mary his mother, and that without fpot of fin, to make us clean from all fin. Therefore, with Angels, &c.

¶ Upon Easter-day, and seven days after.

TO UT chiefly are we bound to praise thee for the gloprious refurrection of thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord; for he is the very paschal lamb, which was offered for us, and hath taken away the fins of the world; who by his death hath destroyed death, and by his rising to life again, hath restored to us everlasting life. Therefore, with Angels, &c.

¶ Upon Ascension-day, and seven days after.

Hrough thy most dearly beloved Son Jesus Christ our Lord, who after his most glorious refurrection manifestly appeared to all his Apostles, and in their fight afcended up into heaven to prepare a place for us; that where he is, thither we might also ascend, and reign with him in glory. Therefore, with Angels, &c.

T Upon

¶ Upan Whit-Sunday and fix Days after.

Through Jesus Christ our Lord, according to whose most true promise, the Holy Ghost came down as at this time from heaven, with a sudden great sound, as it had been a mighty wind, in the likeness of fiery tongues, lighting upon the Apostles, to teach them, and to lead them to all truth, giving them both the gift of divers languages, and also boldness with fervent zeal, constantly to preach the Gospel unto all nations, whereby we have been brought out of darkness and error, into the clear light and true knowledge of thee, and of thy Son Jesus Christ. Therefore, with Angels, &c.

I Upon the feast of Trinity only. Was I'm and

WHO art one God, one Lord; not one only perfon, but three persons in one substance. For that which we believe of the glory of the Father, the same we believe of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, without any difference or inequality. Therefore, &c.

After each of which Prefaces shall immediately be sung or said:

Therefore with Angels and Archangels, and with all the company of heaven, we laud and magnify thy glorious name, evermore praising thee, and saying, Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of hosts, heaven and earth are full of thy glory. Glory be to thee, O Lord most high. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

Here add this particular EJACULATION:

JOIN therefore, Omy foul! with the celestial company of Angels and Arch-angels, in joyful praises B to the great God of heaven and earth; and let all parts of the creation, which are full of his glory, fing eternal praises to their glorious Maker.

The nearer we approach to these boly mysteries, the greater reverence we ought to express; for at it is by God's free grace and goodness, that we have the bonour to be admitted to HIS TABLE, it is, at least, our duty to acknowledge it to be a free and undescrued savour, to be attributed to the mercy of the giver, and not to the deserts of the receivers. Therefore less our thanksgivings should lead us up unto too much considence, we now allay them with this act of humility, which the priest offers up in the name of all them that intend to receive the communion; therein acknowledging his own and the peoples' unworthiness, and hidden impersections, in words taken from the most ancient-liturgies.

ing places of to to Bubrich.

Then shall the prick, kneeling down at the Lord's table, So, in the name of all them that shall receive the communion, this prayer following:

WE do not presume to come to this thy table, O merciful Lord, trusting in our own righteousness, but in thy manifold and great mercies. We are not worthy so much as to gather up the crumbs under thy table; but thou art the same Lord, whose property is always to have mercy: grant us therefore, gracious bord, so to eat the stell of thy dear son Jesus Christ, and to drink his blood, that our sinful bodies may be made clean by his body, and our souls washed through his most precious blood, and that we may evermore dwell in him, and he in us. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

Make this as of humiliation your own, by your most devout astention, and by joining with an hearty AMEN. And as there

there will be some time for the priest to place the bread and wine for consecration, fill it up with the following meditation.

Prefume not, O my foul! to approach this holy table, upon any vain dependence on thy own righteousness, but on the infinite mercies of God. Our best works are unprofitable services. We are not worthy fo much as to gather up the crumbs under the Lord's table; but we are treating with a God, whose gooodness is infinite, and whose mercy is greater than our fins. Therefore, relying on the merits of our Saviour, and truffing in the promifes of God, that he will hear our prayers, accept our contrition, and admit the fincerity of our repentance: befeech him, my foul! to inspire us with his grace, that I may so eat the flesh of his dear fon Jefus Christ, and drink his blood, that this finful body may be made clean by his body; and thou, my foul, may be washed by his most precious blood, and that we may ever dwell in him. and he in us.

Rubrick.

When the priest, standing before the table, bath so ordered the bread and wine, that he may with themore readiness and decency break the bread before the people, and take the cup into his hands, he shall say the prayer of Consecration as followeth:

A Lmighty God our heavenly Father, who of thy tender mercy didst give thine only son Jesus Christ to suffer death upon the cross for our redemption, who made there (by his one oblation of himself once offered) a full, perfect, and sufficient sacrifice, oblation, and satisfaction for the sins of the whole world, and did institute, and in his holy gospel command us

B 2

to continue a perpetual memory of that his precious death, until his coming again; hear us, O merciful Father, we most humbly befeech thee, and grant that we receiving these thy creatures of bread and wine. according to thy fon our Saviour Jefus Christ's holy institution, in remembrance of his death and passion. may be partakers of his most blessed body and blood: who, in the same night that he was betrayed, took bread, [Here the priest is to take the patten or dish into his hands and when he had given thanks, he brake it There the priest is to break the bread | and gave it to his disciples, saying, Take eat, [here the priest is to lay his bands on all the bread] This is my body, which is given for you: Do this in remembrance of me. Likewife atter supper he took the cup, [here he is to take the cup into bis bands] and when he had given thanks, he gave it to them, faying, Drink ye all of this; for this [bere be is to lay his hand upon every veffel, be it chalice, cup or flagon, in which there is any wine to be consecrated] is my blood of the new Testament, which is shed for you, and for many, for the remission of sins : Do this, as oft as ve shall drink it, in remembrance of me. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

Observe the priest when breaking the bread; and remember how Christ's blessed body was torn with nails upon the cross; observe him pouring out the wine; and remember how his precious blood was spilt likewise; and then consider they were your sins, which caused both, which should work in you a great sorrow for them, and when a great batred, and a sirm resolution against them, and withal engage you to thankfulness and love, resolving to express it by an universal obedience in your conversation.

This form of confectation being a mere of of authority, and the peculiar business of the officiating priest, you must by

no means interfere with him in his office, by wain repetitions of any part thereof; but employ yourself in this, or the like prayer of Intercession:

When the priest consecrates the elements.

God, our God, who didst send our Lord, the Son of God, Jesus Christ, the heavenly bread, and life giving food! the saviour! redeemer! and benefactor of the whole world! to bless and sanctify us: Do thou bless this sacrifice now before thee, and accept it upon thine heavenly altar. In thy great mercy and goodness remember thy servant, who offers, and those, for whom he offers; and preserve both him and us unblameable for the celebration of thy divine mysteries, through Jesus Christ, who is our high priest, that offers, and also the sacrifice that is offered; and to whom, with thee, O eternal Father, and most holy, good, and lifegiving Spirit, be all glory and thanks, now, henceforth and for evermore. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

The consecration being performed, the priest kneels down and composes himself to repeat, or recolled secretly some short prayer or ejaculation of faith, repentance, obedience, and hope, before he receives the consecrated bread and wine.

During this interval of private devotion, by the priest officiating, improve thy time with these, or some of the fol-

lowing prayers and meditations.

The PRAYER.

When the priest is in bis private devotions.

L OOK down, O Lord! from heaven, thy holy habitation, and from the throne of thy kingdom, and fend thy holy Spirit to fanctify us, while we adore thy bleffed Son, Jesus, here invisibly present with us in this his facred ordinance. Be pleased with thy power-

B 3

ful hand, to bestow upon this thy ministering servant, thy immaculate body, and precious blood; and by him do thou likewise give the same to all thy people.

Then add.

Gracious Lord God; I beg, pray, and befeech thee, that I and all here present, may be counted worthy to partake of the heavenly and fremendous mysteries of this facred spiritual table, with a pure conscience, that we may receive them for the remission of our fins; for the pardon of our offences; for the communion of the Holy Ghoft; for an inheritance of the kingdom of heaven; for affiance and confidence in thee; and not to our judgment and condemnation. All which grant us, O merciful Father, through the merits of Jesus our Saviour. Amen.

As a small more and Rabrick, who was a wind writer

Then shall the minister first receive the communion in both kinds himself, and then proceed to deliver the same to the bishops, priests, and deacons in like manner, (if any be prefent) and after that to the people also in order, into their hands, all meekly kneeling. And when be delivereth the bread to any one. he hall fay, before he receives the confuence discass and win

HE body of our Lord DIRECTIONS. Jefus Chrift, which thy body and foul unto everlasting life. Take and eat this in remembrance that Christ died for thee, and feed on him in thy giving og valt all w policiele

Observe the people taking was given for thee, preferve and eating the bread, taking and drinking the wine, for it fignifies their particular laying hold on Christ by trust and faith; their flying to, and apprebending bim, as the means of their salvation, and the heart, by faith with thank !- pardon of their fine tendered to then in this bleffed facrament. WhilA

Whilft the priest is receiving the boly communian himself and administring the same to the congregation, join with him by adding to each prayer, an hearty AMEN: and in thy heart earnessly pray, at the receiving and administring of the bread, That the body of our Lord Jesus Christ, which was given for thee, for him, and all the world, may preserve your bodies and souls unto everlasting life: and earnessly beg of Gon to assist them and thee, at this instant, with his grace, that ye may eat his bread, in pious remembrance of our Saviour's passion, and feed on him in your hearts by faith with thanksgiving.

EJACULATIONS.

Whilft the minister is receiving, and before you can find opportunity to receive, say,

Lord, I am not worthy that thou shouldst come

under my roof.

I have finned and done wickedly in thy fight; what shall I do unto thee, O thou preserver of men.

[Here recollect the most grievous fins,]

If thou, Lord, shouldst be extreme to mark what is done amis, O Lord! who may abide it?

But with thee, Lord! there is mercy, and with him

is plenteous redemption.

Behold, O Lord! thy beloved Son, in whom thou art well pleased. It is he that doth invite me. It is he that hath ordained this holy facrament, in memory of that sacrifice, which he offered for transgression and sin.

Hearken to the cry of his blood, which speaketh better things than that of Abel.

By his agony and bloody sweat; by his cross and passion; good Lord! deliver me.

Also at the receiving and administring the cup, pray that the blood of Jesus Christ, which was shed for all, may B 4 preserve

DICHEVE

preserve their bodies and souls unto everlasting life: and earnefly beg of God so to assist them, at this instant, with his grace, that they may drink this in remembrance of CHRIST'S blood shed for them; and that they may praise and magnify his holy name, in a most thankful commemoration of his death, and of the great benefits and bleffings they receive thereby.

exponents And cold par Bubrick and an embed the

And the minister that delivereth the cup to any one, Mall Say,

DIRECTIONS.

The Minitter. HE blood of our Lord Being come up to the place, Jesus Christ, which before the boly table, where was shed for thee, preserve the people meet to receive the thy body and foul unto bread and wine from the everlafting life. Drink bands of the minister (which this in remembrance that is done most conveniently while Christ's blood was shed for the priest is communicating) kneel down in the most dethee and be thankful. cent humble posture. Take off thy gloves, at least from thy right hand, with which thou art, if possible, to receive the bread and the cup, from the bands of the minister. Eat all the bread he gives thee carefully, avoiding to drop any crumbs; and drink of the cup, by taking it into thine own hand, sipping only as much as shall make thee sensible of having received the wine

Be very intent upon what you are about; but beware, left while you strive ofter too great an elevation of your beart, your thoughts be lost and bewildered: A serious and composed mint is best; and a regular and equal devotion is more acceptable to God, than the flights and fallies of a confused mind. Do not pretend to repeat, either aloud or foftly, the words the minister uses in delivering the bread and wine : your busnels being to attend loberly to what he fays, and then to fay Amen. I tell you this, because an idle custom has prevailed of deople's repeating what the minister fays, to the disturbance of the minister, and to the bindrance, I dare fay, of their own devotions,

devotions, which would be furthered by a grave and filent, attention. And if these devotions do not hold out to the end you may liften to the minister delivering the bread and wine to the other communicants, and say a hearty Amen to each of them: for that is praying for the greatest blessing God can beflow on them, the preservation of their body and soul unto everlatting life. health and demonds thousand to book

A PRAYER before you communicate.

My God! pardon, discharge, and forgive me all my fins, whether I have offended thee in thought, word, or deed. Keep me unblameable and uncondemned, that I may worthily approach thy table, and receive the body and blood of Christ, to the health and falvation of my foul and body, through Jefus Christ. Amen () of se begans a think not so t

Immediately before you receive, fay;

HOU hast faid, that he that eateth thy flesh, and drinketh thy blood, hath eternal life.

Behold the fervant of the Lord; be it unto me according to thy word.

While you are eating the bread, Say;

ORD, I believe, help thou mine unbelief! Mark 1 ix. 24.

I believe that thy flesh is meat indeed, and that they, who eat of this bread, shall live for ever. 55, 58.

Before receiving the cup, Say;

Will receive the cup of falvation, and call upon the name of the Lord.

I believe that thy blood is drink indeed; and that except we eat thy flesh, and drink thy blood, we have no life in us.

There-

Therefore, I will seed on thy fielh, and make thy blood my drink, that (according to thy promise) I may have eternal life, and thou mayst raise me up at the last day.

Having drank the cup, fay,

God of peace! through the blood of the everlasting covenant, make me perfect in every good work to do thy will, working in me what is well pleafing in thy fight, through Jesus Christ, to whom be glory for ever and ever. Amen. Heb. xiii. 20, 21.

Worthy art thou, who wast flain, to receive power and riches, and wildom, and strength, and honour

and glory, and bleffing. Rev. v. 12.

For thou hast redeemed us to God by thy blood, out of every kindred and tongue, and people and nation, and hast made us unto our God, kings and priests, and we shall reign for ever and ever. Rev. v. 9. & xxii. 5.

Therefore bleffing, honour, glory, and power, be unto him that fitteth upon the throne, and to the

Lamb for ever and ever. Amen. Rev. v. 13.

DIRECTIONS.

As foon as you conveniently may, after receiving the cup, if there be a numerous communion, rife from your knees, bow towards the altar, and retire to thy feat to finish thy devotions, while others communicate; filling up that space with the most folemn acts of adoration, hive and acknowledgment.

A THANKSGIVING after communicating.

From St. JOHN CHRYSOSTOM's Liturgy.

DEING made a fincere and worthy communicant of the divine, holy, unspotted, immortal, celestial and life-giving mysteries, Irenderunto thee due thanks

and

and praise, O Lord! Receive, save, have mercy on me, and keep me, O God! by thy grace: and praying that every day may be perfect, holy, peaceable, and free from sin, I commend myself, my whole life, and all here present, and thy servant, [Here mention such person or persons, who desire, or for whom thou art desirous to offer up thy prayers] O Christ, my Saviour, for thou art our sanctification, and to thee, with the Father, and the Holy Ghost, be all glory now, henceforth, and for evermore. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

If time should permit, by reason of the many communicants, recite the xxxivth Psalm, or use the following meditation.

A MEDITATION after COMMUNION.

Or, after you have retired for Devotion, at home.

THOU has now, O my foul, received the bleffed fustenance, thou hast earnestly and faithfully prayed for.

Bless the name of the Lord, who hath vouchsafed to give thee possession of his body and blood, to permit thee to dwell with him, and unite thee to himself.

O adorable greatness! O immense goodness! that hast not only condescended to feed me at thy table, but hast offered thyself to me for food and nourishment.

What return shall I make for the benefits God bath bestowed on me, who hath received the cup of falvation? Shall I not love thee continually, O my Saviour,

after this excess of love thou hast shewn me?

Thou hast expressed thy love in the greatest instance, in laying down thy life for my sake; and shall not I, in return for this, endeavour only to live for thee?

Thou hast this day wholly communicated thyself to B6 me.

me; and shall I not from henceforth be always thine? Remove from me, O my God, all ingratitude and infensibility of thy love and my own salvation.

Give me grace to protest and resolve before thee, that I will be ever faithful to thee, and never part from thee by disobedience to thy commandments.

Let thy restraining grace prevent my body from being any more defiled with worldly pleasure, and my soul from being over powered by my will to commit any sin.

Strengthen me in the Resolutions which I here

make before thee:

That I may ferve thee in body and foul:

That I may be able to correct the evil inclinations

of them both the details of the sales

That I may be able to fight against, and deny myfelf, all my former delights, and never more gratify my concupiscence, anger, ambition, or any other passions; but with a due relignation, both of soul and body, ubmit myself wholly to the blessed direction of thy holy will and pleasure.

I can do nothing of myself; all my sufficiency is from my God; without his assistance I can do nothing.

Strengthen me, therefore, O my God! that I may conquer all difficulties, which meet me in the way of my falvation.

Pity my weakness; pardon my sin; and let thy heavenly grace supply my defects, that I may faithfully perform the promises, I have made to thee, my God!

O holy, blessed, and glorious Trinity, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, three persons and one God, have mercy upon me, now and for ever. Amen.

Rubrick.

When all have communicated, the minister shall return

to the Lord's Table, and reverently place upon it what remaineth of the consecrated elements, covering the same with a fair linen cloth.

DIRECTIONS. Which is the sales to

No body can with accency rife from table without first giving thanks for the blessings received: and it is accounted ill manners to depart abruptly from a friend's bouse, the moment we have refreshed ourselves at his table: How much more indecent and unmannerly avould it be for us to depart abruptly from the LORD's TABLE? Our Saviour himself concluded his last supper with a hymn (supposed to be the paschal hallelujah) in imitation of which, all churches have sinished this scass with solemn forms of prayer and thanksgiving.

Rubrick.

Then thall the priest say the Lord's Prayer, the people repeating after him every petition, [with an audible voice.]

Our Father which art in heaven, hallowed be thy name, thy kingdom come, thy will be done in earth, as it is in heaven: give usthis day our daily bread, and for give us our trespasses, as we for give them that trespass against us; and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil: for thine is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

The LORD'S PRAYER is placed first in the Post Commu-NION; for having now received Christ in our hearts, it is fit the first words we offer unto God the Father should be his: we know that to as many as receive Christ, he gives power to become the sons of God; so that we may now, all with one woice, and one heart, address ourselves chearfully, and with considence call him, Our Father, &c.

Rubrick.

After shall be faid as followeth:

O Lord and heavenly father, we thy humble fervants entirely defire thy fatherly goodness, mercifully

to

to accept this our facrifice of praise and thanksgiving: must humbly befeeching thee to grant, that by the merits and death of thy fon Jefus Christ, and through faith in his blood, we and all thy whole church may obtain remission of our sins, and all other benefits of his passion. And here we offer and present unto thee. O Lord, ourselves, our souls and bodies, to be a reafonable, hely, and lively facrifice unto thee; humbly befeeching thee, that all we who are partakers of this holy communion, may be fulfilled with thy grace and heavenly benediction. And although we be unworthy, through our manifold fins, to offer unto thee any facrifice; yet we befeech thee to accept this our bounden duty and fervice; not weighing our merits, but pardoning our offences, through Jefus Christ our Lord; by whom, and with whom, in the unity of the Holy Ghoft, all honour and glory be unto thee, O Father Almighty, world without end. Amen

DIRECTIONS.

This prayer is what the priest most commonly useth, which consists chiefly of vows and resolutions, proper to express our love and duty. It is also a dedication of ourselves to God; and as such, it is a most proper part of the Communion Office: For, since Christ bath put us in mind of his infinite love in giving himself for us; and in this sacrament he bath given himself to us; and since we have chosen him for our Lord, and solemnly vowed to be his servants, it is very just and reasonable, that we should also give up ourselves wholly to him, in such manner as this form directs us.

In repeating this prayer with the priest, observe such a strict silence, that the found of your voice may not be heard, even by the person nearest to you. For though it is proper to join heartily with the minister in the words of the prayer, it must be done with that precaution and decency, as not to disturb the people,

people, nor interrupt the officiating minister. Only at the conclusion of the prayer, exalt your voice with a hearty Amen. It is quite otherwise in regard to the following hymn, in

It is quite otherwise in regard to the following hymn, in which the whole congregation joins the minister with their woices, as well as with their hearts and words:

Skinning lid wer St Rubrick.

Then shall be faid or fung,

GLORY be to God on high, and in earth peace, good will towards men. We praise thee, we bless thee, we worship thee, we glorify thee, we give thanks to thee for thy great glory, O Lord God, hea-

venly King, God the Father Almighty.

O Lord, the only begotten Son, Jesu Christ, O Lord God, lamb of God, son of the Father, that takel est away the sins of the world, have mercy upon us. Thou that takest away the sins of the world, have mercy upon us. Thou that taketh away the sins of the world, receive our prayer. Thou that sittest at the right hand of God the Father, have mercy upon us.

For thou only art holy, thou only art the Lord, thou only, O Christ, with the Holy Ghost, art most

high in the glory of God the Father. Amen.

DIRECTIONS.

This finishing the Communion Service, on the part of the people, with a hymn, is a direct imitation of our Saviour's practice, (Matth. xxvi. 30.) and conformable to the usage in the christian church in all ages, with very little variation of the form.

The former part of it is of divine extraction, Jung by the angels, that celebrated the nativity of our Saviour. (Luke ii. 1, 4) And the whole bymn, with very little difference, is extant in the apostolick constitutions, and was established to be used in the church service, by the fourth council of Toledo, a thousand years ago.

The

The hymn being ended, all the people should kneel down, with great bumility, and receive the bleffing, with which the priest shall then dismiss the congregation, according to ancient usage, none being permitted to depart from the communion service till the blessing was pronounced, either by the priest or bishop.

The form here made use of, is composed from Philippians iv.

7. and Numbers vi. 24, &c.

Rubrick.

Then the priest (or bishop, if be be present) Shall let them depart with this bleffing.

THE peace of God | DIRECTIONS. Amen.

which paffeth all The affifting minister geneunderstanding, keep your rally sayeth one or more of these hearts and minds in the collects, which follow between knowledge and love of the hymn and his pronouncing God, and of his Son Te. the bleffing; for which reason, fus Christ our Lord : And and as these collects are very the bleffing of God Al-plain and comprehensive, and mighty the Fathery the words of scripture, applicable to most persons, at such a time, be amongst you, and re- I shall here insert them at main with you always, length from the Common-Prayer Book

Rubrick.

T Collects to be faid after the offertory, when there is no communion, every such day, one or more, and the same may be faid alfo, as often as occasion shall serve, after the collects either of morning or evening prayer, communion, or litany, by the diferetion of the minister.

SSIST us mercifully, O Lord, in these our supplications and prayers, and dispose the way of thy fervants towards the attainment of everlasting falvation; that among all the changes and chances of the disto which is a balance that this

this mortal life, they may ever be defended by thy most gracious and ready help, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Almighty Lord, and everlasting God, vouchfafe, we befeech thee, to direct, fanctify, and govern both our hearts and bodies in the ways of thy laws, and in the works of thy commandments; that through thy most mighty protection, both here and ever, we may be preserved in body and soul, through our Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ Amen.

GRANT, we befeech thee, Almighty God, that the words which we have heard this day with our outward ears, may, through thy grace, be so grafted inwardly in our hearts, that they may bring forth in us the fruit of good living, to the honour and praise of thy name, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

PRevent us, O Lord, in all our doings with thy most gracious favour, and further us with thy continual help, that in all our works begun, continued, and ended in thee, we may glorify thy holy name, and finally by thy mercy obtain everlasting life, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Lmighty God, the fountain of all wisdom, who knowest our necessities before we ask, and our ignorance in asking: We beseech thee to have compassion upon our infirmities; and those things which for our unworthiness we dare not, and for our blindness we cannot ask, vouchsafe, to give us for the worthiness of thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Lmighty God, who hast promised to hear the petitions of them that ask in thy Son's name; we beseech thee mercifully to incline thine ears to us that have

have now made our prayers and supplications unto thee, and grant that those things, which we have faithfully asked according to thy will, may effectually be obtained, to the relief of our necessity, and to the setting forth of thy glory, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

DIRECTIONS,

When the congregation is thus dismissed, don't hurry out of the house of God, as if you were asraid to stay longer; or tired with the conversation, which you have entered into with heaven; but keep on your knees, so long, at least, as till you have said the following prayer, and the song of Simeon.

A Short PRAYER after the Communicants are dis-

BLeffed Lord, grant that neither I, nor those, who have communicated with me, in this holy sacrament, may ever rest in the means, without attaining the end; but, that all these religious exercises may have their sull effect, for the renovation of our natures, and for the reformation of our lives; that we may become every day more holy, by the practice of holiness, in all its instances; and more like unto thee our God, by imitating thee in truth, righteousness and goodness, thro Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The SONG of Simeon.

LORD now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, according to thy word;

For mine eyes have feen thy falvation;

Which thou haft prepared before the face of all people:

To be a light to lighten the Gentiles; and to be

the glory of thy people Ifrael.
Glory be to the Father, &c.

As it was in the beginning, &c.

At Noon on the Day after receiving the Sacrament.
DIRECTIONS.

Being returned home from church, take care that nothing shall deprive thee of that peaceable and religious temper, with which thou wast possessed at the time of thy departure from the house of God, and his boly table; and before thou engagest thyself in any worldly or family affair, retire privately, either before dinner, which is most eligible, or at any convenient time, as soon as may be, afterwards.

A PRAYER at home after the SACRAMENT.

Merciful Father, whose goodness towards mankind is particularly feen in that love of fouls, for whose everlasting welfare thou hast been always confulting, and haft left no method of love unattempted to refine them from fin and mifery; I bless thy holy name for all thy graces and benefits bestowed upon me; especially for that amazing instance of thy love in giving thy fon to die for me, to restore me to thy favour which I had forfeited by my fins. And more especially I laud and magnify thy glorious name for that opportunity, which thou haft this day given, of commemorating the death and passion of my bleffed Redeemer, and also of partaking of his merits, in the participation of that holy ordinance, which he hath appointed. I have devoted myself entirely to thee, and must acknowledge thy service to be the most perfect freedom, and that thy acceptance of my best performances lays new obligations upon me to love thee more, and serve thee better: Lord, pardon all the weaknesses and defects which I have been guilty of in the performance of this great duty, and I befeech thee to affift me with thy grace, that in the whole courfe of my life I may ever be careful to fulfil and perform those vows and resolutions, which I have made unto

thee. And if at any time I should be so unhappy. as to offend thee wilfully (which I befeech thee to prevent for thy mercy and compassion sake) help me speedily to recover myself by a serious repentance, and by renewed resolutions of greater care and diligence. and to apply myfelf to my bleffed Saviour, to beg his pardon, and to renew my covenant with him, and to implore more earnessly the power of his holy Spirit for frength against all temptations; that by such frequent communion with him, I may partake more and more of his grace, and live better and better, till I get an absolute victory over all those finful lusts and affections. which have prevailed over me. Hear me. O my God. in this, and whatever elfe thou knowest to be needful for me, even for Jefus Chrift his fake. Amen. Then bowing thy Head fay,

PRaised be God, who blesses, sanctifies, protects and unites us all, by the participation of his holy mysteries, and who is blessed for ever. Amen.

In the EVENING of the Day after baving Receiveds

and the property of DIRECTIONS, of a bus property of

You are piously and prudently to divide the afternoon of this, and all other Sundays, between the publick service, family duties, private devotions, offices of charity, if they present themselves, and I will add, your own necessary refreshment: For, I am not so strict as totally to forbid you some time upon that day, to unbend your mind, and relax your thoughts, by any company and conversation, that is instructive, and innocently diverting; but I absolutely forewarn you against all places of publick resort, all gaming and sportful exercises, as giving aftence to some, and bad examples to others.

Having devoutly spent the afternoon at church, if possible, I would recommend the following spiritual exercise for the Sunday evening at home.

The MEDITATION.

How to live well after receiving the Holy Communion.

Eschew evil and do good: Seek peace and ensue it.

I. O How secure and sweetly do they sleep, who go to bed with a quiet conscience, who after a day of faithful industry, in a course of just and pious living, lay down their wearied heads in peace, and safely rest in the bosom of thy Providence. If they awake, their conscience comforts them in the dark, and bids them not fear the shadow of death; no, nor even death itself, but considently look up, and long for the dawn of the everlasting day.

II. Let this therefore be our care, O my foul! to note, censure, and correct ourselves; to strive for mastery over the passions that disturb us, and dismiss from our thoughts, what no way concerns us. Are not our occasions sufficient to fill up as much time as this life deserves? does not the other, at least, deserve every

minute of leifure we can spare for this?

III. Let the ungodly pursue their wicked liberties, and say, and do, as they think sit: what's that to thee, O my soul! who shall not answer for others, unless thou some way makest their saults thy own. Thy pity may grieve, and thy charity endeavour: but it they will not hear, sollow thou thy God: sollow the way that leads to truth: sollow the truth, that leads to life: sollow the steps of thy beloved Jesus, who alone is the way, the truth, and the life.

- IV. Follow his holiness in what he did: follow his patience in what he suffered: follow him that calls thee with a thousand promises: follow him that crowns thee with infinite blessings, and follow thy faithful Lord, O my soul I to the end, and thou in the end may be sure to possess him forever.

A PRAYER

46 A Companion or Spiritual

A PRAYER for SINCERITY.

Bleffed are they that keep his testimonies, and feek him

with their whole heart. Pfalm cxix. 2. as we went

HOU knowest, Lord! the infirmity of our nature, and the weakness of our mortal state : nor doft thou exact an absolute obedience of life from thy fervant, but dost make merciful allowances for our frailty, if we be not wanting to ourselves, in a careful watching over our ways, and in earnest and hearty endeavours to please thee. Thou shewest to thy fervants thy acceptance of them, by the comfortable tellimony of thy holy Spirit within our hearts, that bears witness with our spirits, that we are the children of God. and that thou art always ready to reward us with the kindness and disposition of a tender father : grant that I may obtain this bleffed testimony of my own conscience; make me ever careful and solicitous to fulfil my duty towards thee, thro' the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, our only mediator and advocate. Amen: The PRAYER.

For a fincere and real practice of Religion.

Reat God of fincerity and truth, thou hast made known thy ways and will to the sons of men, that, by walking by so divine a rule, they might find grace and acceptance in thy fight, and be everlastingly rewarded by thy mercy. The end of that holy law thou hast given us, is our obedience; and, if we profess to know thy sacred commandments, happy are we, if we do them, and not otherwise: for without this, all our knowledge is as nothing, and is emptiness before thee; nor wilt thou regard vain words, but by our good deeds and actions shall we be approved of, and accepted by thee; and thou hast declared in the Gospel of thy blassed Son, that all the workers of iniquity

FRAYER

iniquity shall depart from thy presence, whatsoever spiritual advantages or privileges they may, in any

other respect, boast of or enjoy

Grant, O Lord, that the conviction and belief of this great truth may fink deep into my spirit; that by a diligent and careful obedience in thy ways, and by governing my life and actions according to thy precepts, and the declarations of thy holy word, I may find mercy and peace with thee at the last day. That the more perfectly I know my duty, the more careful I may be to perform it; and that I may not be of the number of those, who hear thy word, and do it not, deceiving their own fouls; that, in the time of temptation and trial, and when Christ shall come to judge the world according to truth, that I may not be like the man, who built his house upon the fand; so that when the floods came, and the winds blew, and beat upon that house, it fell, and great was the fall of it; but that I may be able to fland before thee, my God, and do what thou haft commanded? Grant this, O Lord, for thy mercy and truth's fake, through the most powerful merits of the same blessed Jesus, my Saviour and Redeemer. Amen.

Our Father, &c.

DIRECTIONS.

Having supped and retired to bed, look upon that place of rest, as the emblem of the grave; and that it is your interest, before you lie down, thereupon, to recommend your foul, in a special manner, to the care of its Maker; left it should be required of thee this night, and thou shouldest be found unprepared to enter into the joy of thy Lord.

APRAYER at going to bed (every night) before you undress. I will lay me down in peace, and take my reft; for it is thou Lord only that makel me to dwell in fafety. Pfal. iv. 9. OGOD

48 A Companion or Spiritual Guide, &c.

GOD, my creator, and mighty deliverer, who hast taught me to put off, concerning the former conversation, the old man, which is corrupt according to deceitful lufts; lighten the eyes of my mind, that I may consider the great danger of those, who venture to fleep before they have made their peace with God and man; and do all in my power to confirm my faith, and to fecure thy favour by my fincere repentance, before I lay me down to rest. Let the fun of righteousness thine into me, and dispel all darkness from my heart. Defend me from the terrors of this night, and from every evil that walketh in darkness. Indulge me with fleep free from all diabolical illusions. idle and filthy dreams. Refresh my wearied spirits : and grant that I may fee the early day to honour. braife, and adore thee, both with my mouth and heart, and by a faithful and just discharge of my duty in that fate of life, in which, thou my God, has thought good to place me : and this I beg thro' Jesus Christ my Lord and Saviour. Amen. of the world will be the

When you lay down in your bed, fay, with the

The Lord is my light and falvation, whom shall I fear? The Lord is the strength of my life, of whom shall I be afraid? Plal. xxvii. 1.

In the name of the Lord Jesus Christ, who was crucified, and laid in the grave for me, I lay me down to rest and to sleep; vouchsafe, O God, the Almighty Father, to bless, save, and defend me, sleeping and waking, that the enemy may have no advantage over me, nor the son of perdition approach to hurt me; and that whether I sleep or wake, live or die, I may be thy servant, the child of God, and an inheritor of the kingdom of heaven, together with thy beloved son Jesus Christ, my Lord and Saviour. Amen.

